

THROUGH THE DENMARK STRAIT TO EAST GREENLAND

About the voyage:

Our voyage starts in Kulusuk – a small village on the east coast of Greenland.

There are regular flights from Reykjavik to Kulusuk and way back. It is important that the cost of the tickets is not included in the package. You do not need to buy tickets the day before and after the program, because the expedition strictly follows the flight schedule. We recommend purchasing them in advance.

When you arrive in Kulusuk, a transfer to the ship will be waiting for you at the airport. In the evening there will be embarkation, dinner and the briefing from the captain. The whole trip will last 11 days, including the day of embarkation on the sailboat and the day of disembarkation.

Schedule: from Reykjavik to Kulusuk 5:30 PM – 6:15 PM;
(Iceland UTC +0, Greenland UTC -2)

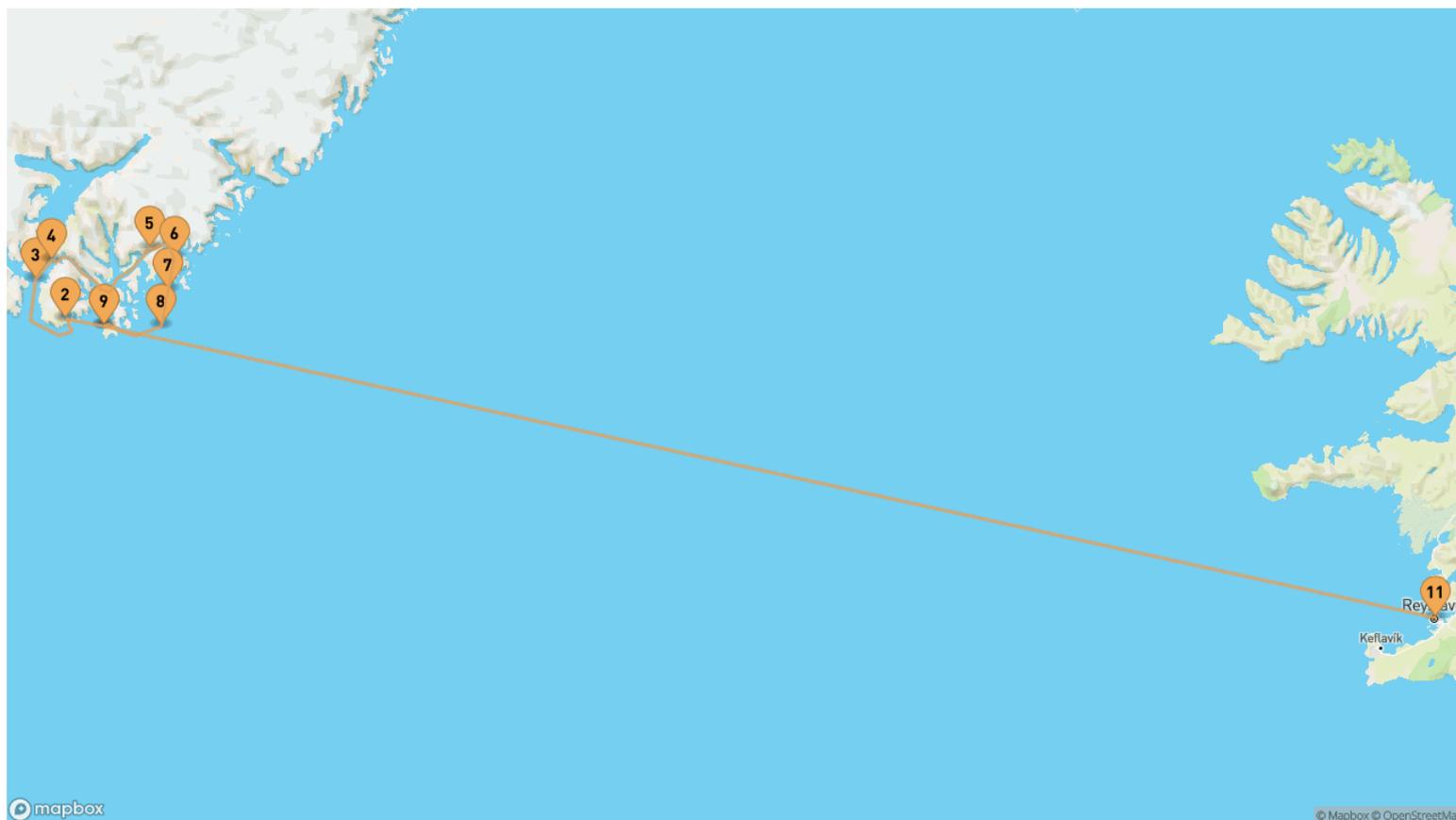
Approximate round trip plane tickets price: €600 – €1300 depending on departure day

TO KULUSUK BY PLANE, TO REYKJAVIK SAILBOAT

10 — 20 SEP 2024

ROUTE: REYKJAVIK, ICELAND — EAST GREENLAND — REYKJAVIK, ICELAND

- Regions / Countries: **Greenland**
- Duration: **11 Days / 10 Nights**
- Tags: **Village, Town**
- URL: <https://embarq.travel/boats/wylde-swan/through-the-denmark-strait-to-east-greenland/>



Day 1



[Greenland / Kulusuk](#)

Village

Only 200 people live in Kulusuk, including the Danes and local population – the Inuit, but there is an international airport, a medical centre, a church and a cemetery here. The name Kulusuk is translated from Greenlandic as "chest of the black guillemot", a polar bird that nests in this region.

When you arrive in Kulusuk, a transfer to the ship will be waiting for you at the airport. In the evening there will be embarkation at the Wylde Swan, dinner and the briefing from the captain. The whole trip will last 8 days, including the day of embarkation on the sailboat and the day of disembarkation.

Day 2



[Greenland / Tasiilaq](#)

Town

Welcome to the beautiful and remote port of Angmagssalik, also known as Tasiilaq, located in eastern Greenland. This port is known for its stunning natural beauty, with majestic icebergs and rugged mountain peaks framing the picturesque town.

Day 3



[Greenland / Sermilik Fjord](#)

Sermilik is the most ice-bearing fjord in the region, with huge icebergs the size of entire cities coming off its glaciers. The fjord overlooks the famous Greenland ice sheet and whales are often seen there. The fjord has four major tongue outcrops of the main Greenland Ice Shelf, and is almost always packed with huge icebergs of bizarre shapes.

The main "suppliers" of icebergs are the Helheimgletscher, Isgletscher, Midgardgletscher glaciers located in the northern part of the Sermilik fjord. We will try to get as close as possible to the nearest beautiful Harn glacier, look at the icefall, listen to the crackle of melting ice and if desired we can swim from the board of the sailing boat in icy melt water.

Day 4



[Greenland / Tiilerilaaq](#)

Village

Old Inuit village of Tiilerilaaq is located in the Sermilik fjord. It is one of the most exciting and beautiful locations in Greenland. We can watch the gigantic odd-shaped icebergs floating in front of us and even pass by them on Zodiac boats to take some photographs, depending on the tide and according to the ice conditions.

Also Tiilerilaaq is a lovely place to have a walk and buy some souvenirs from local hunters and fishermen: they dry river trout and haddock.

Day 5

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[Greenland](#) / [Blue East Two](#)

Blue East Two was a minor United States Army Air Forces airfield at Ikkateq in eastern Greenland. Ikkateq was a small village in southeastern Greenland. Ikkateq (as the village was named in old times) means "shallow water". This place is full of lakes worth seeing, so we're eager to have a walk to see the best locations.

If the weather is fine, we'll try to get as close as possible to Ammassalik Fjord that is famous for whales diving around.

Day 6



[Greenland / Sermiligaaq settlement](#)

Village

"Sermiligaaq" means "beautiful glacier fjord" from the Greenlandic. The population of the village is about 200 inhabitants, who are mostly hunters and fishermen. Fishing plays important role in a local daily life, all catches are sold to the factory in the nearby village of Kuummiut. As the name suggests, Sermiligaaq is close to several beautiful glaciers, including Knud Rasmussen and Kârale glacier.

Day 7



The crossing to Kulusuk

We will spend some time in a non-stop crossing to Kulusuk, where our voyage will come to an end.

Day 8



At Sea

Day 9



The crossing to Kulusuk & Kulusuk Museum

Kulusuk is home for just over 200 people. There are Danes and Inuits among them. Despite the small population there is a health centre, a church and a cemetery there. The name translates from Greenlandic as 'chest of the black guillemot', a polar bird that nests in the area. Here we will spend some time in a non-stop crossing to Kulusuk, where our voyage will come to an end. A visit to Kulusuk Museum will provide insights on the life of the Tunumi Inuit of the east coast of Greenland, inter-woven in a personal account of a local family.

Day 10



[Greenland / Kulusuk](#)

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Day 11



Disembarkation & Flight to Reykjavik

